
INGLÊS

As questões de 1 a 15 deverão ser respondidas com base no texto a seguir.

WAR AND OIL

Control over oil is a central motivation for Bush administration's military confrontation with Iraq. The unilateralist nature of the US' new security stance in post-September 11th world has become inexorably linked with the importance of controlling oil.

The dependence of the economy on oil forces US foreign policy to equate control of oil with its "vital interest". Two thirds of the world's oil supplies are in the Persian Gulf, making control and influence in this region crucial.

The fight to control oil has increased global conflict. The production and use of it has destabilized governments and had an anti-democratic influence on oil producing countries. The use of oil is causing climate change, which poses the greatest environmental threat to our planet.

The global economy is underpinned by the use of fossil fuels such as coal, gas and oil. Securing control of these valuable resources has become a major drive for American foreign policy.

Since becoming president George W. Bush has continually stated that the US faces an energy crisis. Although there is little proof, he has based many of his policies on this false understanding. The Bush Administration's response to the "energy crisis" has concentrated on the supply side, with no attempt to reduce an ever-increasing domestic demand for oil.

Oil companies' contributions to the Republican Party in the 2000 election cycle totaled more than US\$1 million. Oil runs deep in the Bush administration.

Greenpeace believes that real security will only come about when we stop our global addiction to oil and transfer our resources to produce clean renewable energy.

Adapted from: www.greenpeace.org/document/waroniraq..., 08/29/2003

GLOSSARY

stance – modo de pensar, postura

link – ligar

equate – igualar

supplies – reservas

increase – aumentar

pose – apresentar-se

underpin – escorar, apoiar

resource – recurso

attempt – tentativa

addiction – hábito, vício

1) The text "War and Oil" shows us that the global addiction to oil brings the world

- A) total insecurity.
- B) great security.
- C) environmental security.
- D) financial security.
- E) energy security.

2) The text was picked up from

- A) a magazine
- B) the Internet
- C) a newspaper
- D) a leaflet
- E) a book

3) According to the information provided by the text which of the following sentences is **FALSE**?

- A) Oil companies supported the Republican Party in the 2000 elections.
- B) The use of fossil fuels isn't the greatest environmental threat to our planet.
- C) Greenpeace recommends using clean renewable energy.
- D) The Persian Gulf has two thirds of the world's oil supplies.
- E) Bush says that the US faces an energy crisis.

4) Bush administration is concerned with

- A) reducing the demand for oil.
- B) reconsidering the demand for oil.
- C) supplying the demand for oil.
- D) producing clean renewable energy.
- E) transforming the global economy.

5) Which is the reason why the global conflict has increased?

- A) The environmental threat.
- B) An anti-democratic influence.
- C) The climate changes.
- D) The fight to control oil.
- E) The 2000 election cycle.

6) According to the sixth (6th) paragraph, "Oil runs deep in the Bush administration." Choose the best explanation for this statement.

- A) Bush was the owner of the biggest oil company during the 2000 elections.
- B) The Republican Party ran the oil companies during the 2000 elections.
- C) Bush paid more than US\$1 million to oil companies during the 2000 elections.
- D) Oil companies, the Republican Party and Bush had a bank during the 2000 elections.
- E) The Republican Party got more than US\$1 million from oil companies during 2000 elections.

7) The word CRUCIAL (Line 7) qualifies

- A) the dependence of the economy
- B) control and influence
- C) the Persian Gulf
- D) the world's oil supply
- E) the US foreign policy

8) The lexical item IT (Line 8) refers to

- A) fight
- B) global conflict
- C) oil
- D) economy
- E) policy

9) The conjunction ALTHOUGH (Line 14) suggests

- A) contrast
- B) doubt
- C) condition
- D) addition
- E) conclusion

10) Which of the words below **ISN'T** formed by a prefix?

- A) Renewable
- B) Becoming
- C) Unilateralist
- D) Destabilized
- E) Anti-democratic

11) "The global economy **IS UNDERPINNED** by the use of fossil fuels..." (Line 1). In this sentence the verbal structure is

- A) Passive Voice in the Simple Past Tense
- B) Active Voice in the Simple Past Tense
- C) Passive Voice in the Simple Future Tense
- D) Passive Voice In the Simple Present Tense
- E) Active Voice in the Simple Present Tense

12) The words VITAL (Line 6), CRUCIAL (Line 7), GLOBAL (Line 8) and REAL (Line 19) are classified as

- A) nouns
- B) verbs
- C) adverbs
- D) linking words
- E) adjectives

13) The word GREATEST (Line 10) is an adjective. In which degree has it been used?

- A) Superlative degree
- B) Positive degree
- C) Comparative degree, expressing superiority
- D) Comparative degree, expressing inferiority
- E) Comparative degree, expressing equality.

14) The best translation for the word POLICY (Line 12) is

- A) polícia
- B) policia
- C) política
- D) político
- E) politicagem

15) The lexical item HE (Line 14) refers to

- A) coal
- B) gas
- C) policy
- D) George W. Bush
- E) American